

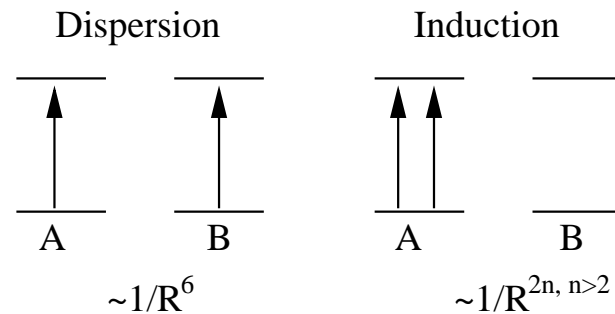
# Intermolecular Interactions and VB

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# Symmetry-adapted perturbation theory

- Single Slater determinant: HF, DFT
- 3 series:  $E_{\text{int}} = \sum_{ijk} E_{\text{pol}}^{(ijk)} + E_{\text{exch}}^{(ijk)}$
- Extension to several references: MCSCF, VB, BOVB
- Electrostatics, 2nd order **Induction** and **Dispersion**



- Replace excitations by transition dipoles
- Example  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$
- Virtual orbitals? UHF matrices for each determinant

# Dispersion : $E_{\text{pol}}^{(200)}$

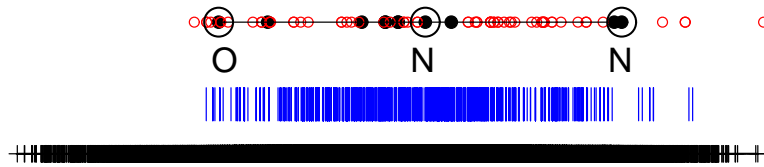
$$E_{\text{MP2}} = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{iajb} \frac{((ia|jb) - (ib|ja))^2}{\epsilon_i + \epsilon_j - \epsilon_a - \epsilon_b}$$

becomes in spin-orbitals

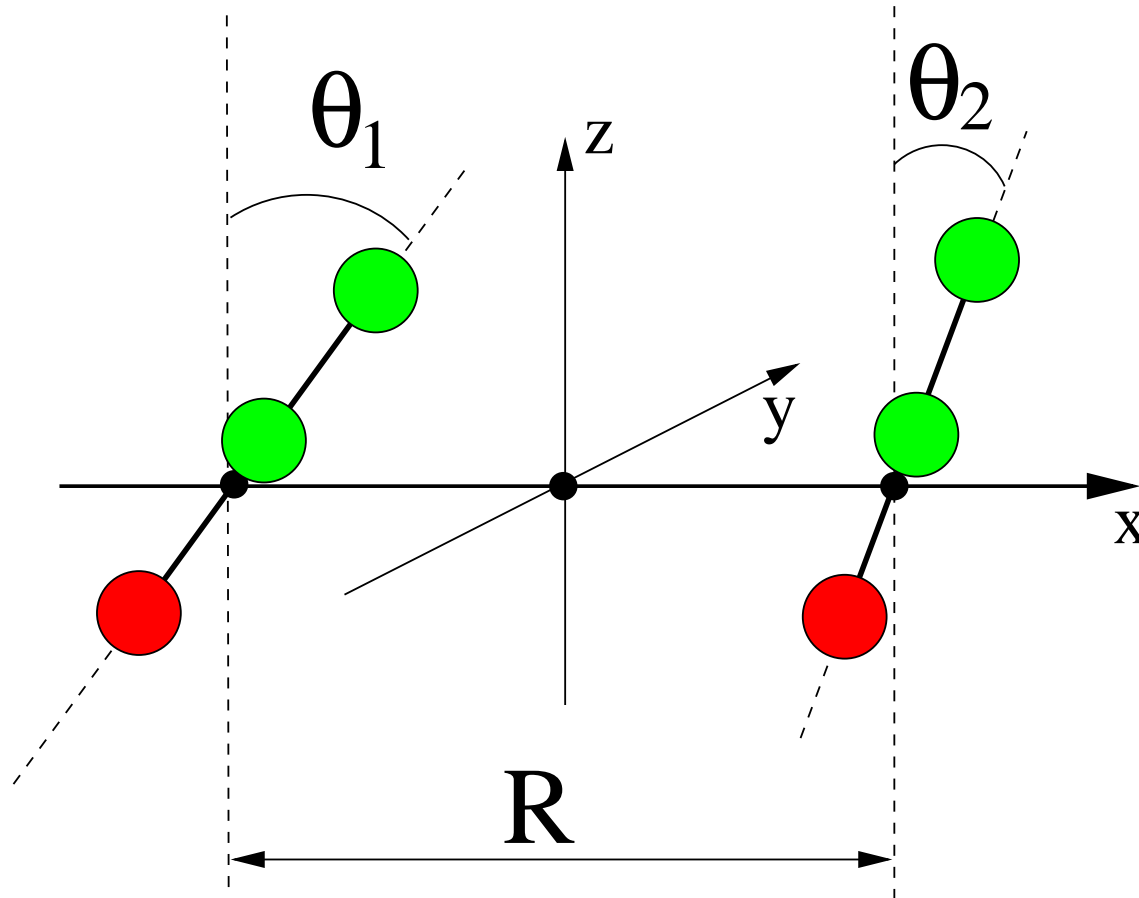
$$E_{\text{MP2}}^{\text{disp}} \approx \sum_{i,a \in A} \sum_{j,b \in B} \frac{(ia|jb)^2}{\epsilon_i + \epsilon_j - \epsilon_a - \epsilon_b}$$

Approximate

$$(ia|jb) \longrightarrow \frac{\vec{\mu}_{i \rightarrow a} \cdot \vec{\mu}_{j \rightarrow b}}{R_{AB}^3} - 3 \frac{(\vec{\mu}_{i \rightarrow a} \cdot \vec{R}_{AB})(\vec{\mu}_{j \rightarrow b} \cdot \vec{R}_{AB})}{R_{AB}^5} \sim \frac{1}{R_{AB}^3}$$



# On to work



3 geometry variations: Parallel, Anti-Parallel, rotation of one only (T)

# Dispersion : $E_{\text{pol}}^{(200)}$

